वेळ : 2 (दोन) तास

2016

CODE: SO7

प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक BOOKLET NO.

प्रश्नपुस्तिका

एकूण प्रश्न : 100

विहित कायदेविषयक ज्ञान

↑ केंद्राची संकेताक्षरे एकूण गुण : 100

शेवटचा अंक

सूचना

- (1) सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. असा तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.
- (2) आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉल्पेनने लिहावा.
- (3) वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे **न विसरता नमूद करावा**.
- (4) या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपित्रकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपित्रकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपित्रकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉल्प्रेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.
- (5) सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविण श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालविता पुढील प्रश्नाकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.
- (6) उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही.
- (7) प्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच ''उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार पर्यायायैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील''.

ताकीद

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली बेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही बेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली बेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनिधकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरूद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुस्तिकेच्या अंतिम पृष्टावर पहा

मूचनेविना हे सील उघ SEAL

पर्यवेक्षकांच्या

10%

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1.	Whi	ch of the following is not a	ground	tor e	viction of a tenant?					
	(1)	Unlawful subletting.								
	(2)	Non use of the premises	without	reasc	nable cause for more than six months.					
	(3)	Acquisition of suitable ac	commo	dation	by the tenant.					
	(4)	None of the above.								
2.		en a person does a thing wit rongful loss to another, he i			n of causing a wrongful gain to one person or e done that thing :					
	(1)	fraudulently		(2)	intentionally					
	(3)	voluntarily		(4)	dishonestly					
3.	Whi	ich of the following is not a	defama	ation '	?					
	(1)	A says ironically, 'Z is an otherwise.	honest	man;	he never stole B's watch intending to believe					
	(2)	A at the hearing of the case in good faith argued, "Z's evidence is so contradictory that he must be stupid or dishonest".								
	(3)	A says at the hearing, "I man without veracity".	do not l	believ	e what Z stated because I know him to be a					
	(4)	A drew a picture of Z shothat Z stole B's watch.	wing hii	n run	ning with B's watch, intending to be believed					
4.		ne offence is punishable with	n fine or	ıly, th	e imprisonment in default of payment of fine					
	(1)	Simple								
	(2)	Rigorous								
	(3)	•								
	(4)									
- 5.	Whi	Which of the following is not a punishment recognised by law?								
	(1)	Death	(2)	Imp	rison with hard-labour					
		Forfeiture of property	(4)	_	nsportation for life					

6.	Hov	v contract of sale of goods is to be i	made	?							
	(a)	in writing									
	(b)	by words of mouth									
	15	partly in writing and partly by w	ords	of mouth							
	(d)	by conduct of parties									
	(1)	(a) only	(2)	(a), (b), (c) and (d) all							
	(3)	(a) and (b) only	(4)	(a), (b) and (d)							
7.		Magistrate to whom accused is forv detention in police custody for a ter		d after arrest may from time to time authorise							
	(1)	not exceeding 30 days	(2)	not exceeding 14 days							
	(3)	not exceeding 15 days	(4)	as he thinks fit.							
8.	ln a	suit against Central Government,	the at	uthority to be named as defendant shall be:							
	(1)	Government of India	(2)	President of India							
	(3)	Union of India	(4)	Prime Minister of India							
9.	Sale of immovable property in execution would become absolute :										
	(1)	On full payment of price by the	auctic	on purchaser.							
	(2)	When sale is confirmed by the court any time after sale.									
	(3)	If no application for setting aside sale is made or where such an application filed is disallowed and court confirms the sale.									
	(4)) When final bid is accepted by the court.									
10.	Person who lodged FIR is to be referred :										
	(1)	as a complainant	(2)	as an informant							
	(3)	both the terms above mentioned	(4)	applicant							
11.	Suit	Suit on promissory note payable on demand is to be filed:									
	(1)	(1) Within three years from the date of note.									
	(2)	Within three years from the date of demand.									
	(3)	Within three years from the date	of tr	ansaction.							
	(4)	Within one year from the date of	dem	and.							
											

16. Indian Penal Code was mainly drafted by :

(1) Macculay

(2) Lord Mountbatten

(3) Lord Dening

(4) Salmond

17. Which of the following is **not** a fundamental right?

(1) Right to education

(2) Right to property

(3) Right to freedom of religion

(4) Equality before law

18.	Against whom suit for restoration of possession U/S of Specific Relief Act is not tenable?										
	(1)	Landlord	(2)	True owner	(3)	Government	(4)	Licensor			
19.				tick, saying to B y has 'A' commi		ill give you a goo	od bea	ting and set you			
	(1)	Criminal force	e	(2)	Ass	ault					
	(3)	Criminal inti	midation	(4)	No	offence					
20.	Res	gestae means :			-		-				
	(1)	Adverse gest	ure of ar	accused							
	(2)	Ogle at some	one								
	(3)	(3) Things done or words spoken naturally as a part of the same transaction									
	(4)	(4) Gesture made or expressed something spontaneously									
21.	A person is presumed to be a legitimate son of a man though born after dissolution of marriage with his mother, if he is:										
	(1)	(1) born within 280 days of the dissolution and his mother remained unmarried.									
	(2)) born within 9 months after dissolution of marriage.									
	(3)	born within 280 days after dissolution even if his mother married with some one.									
	(4) born within 280 days after dissolution and even though it is proved that above said had no access to his mother during the period he was begotten.										
22.	Seco	ond appeal U/S	100 of 0	Civil Pro. Code s	hall li	e :					
	(1)	(1) When decree of trial court is set aside, allowing 1st appeal.									
	(2)	When there a issues.	ire dive	gent views of t	rial co	urt and first app	eal co	ourt on material			
	(3)	When High C	ourt is sa	itisfied that in th	is case	substantial ques	tion of	law is involved.			
	(4)	In any case af	ter decis	sion of the first a	ppeal	,					

23.	Agai	inst whom spe	cific per	formance of	cont	ract c	an be enforced	l ?	
	(a)	Parties to the	contrac	t,					
	(b)	Any person o	claiming	under the p	arty	to the	contract.		
	(c)	Transferee for	r value w	ho has paid	l mon	ey in	good faith hav	ing notice	e of the contract.
	(d)		-				osequently am f amalgamatic	_	ed with another
	(1)	(a), (b) and (c	c)		(2)	(a),	(b) and (d)		
	(3)	(b), (c) and (d	d)		(4)	All	the above		
24.	Wha		within	which appli	ication	n for	setting aside a	batemen	t of suit is to be
	(1)	30 days from	the date	of abateme	ent of	suit			
	(2)	60 days from	the date	of abateme	ent of	suit			
	(3)	90 days from	the date	of abateme	ent of	suit			
	(4)	30 days from	the date	of order of	abate	ement	of suit		
25.	Which of the following is a 'Court of record' ?								
	(1)	High court			(2)	Dist	rict court		
	(3)	Family court			(4)	Lab	our court		
26.	Accused is charged under section 325 I.P.Code. All the facts except grievous hurt are proved.								
	Whe	ether he can be	convicte	ed of any of	fence	?			
	(a)	Yes, for the o	offence p	unishable L	J/S 32	23 I.P.	Code		
	(b)	Yes, for the o	offence p	unishable U	J/S 33	5 I.P.	Code		
	(c)	No, he canno	ot be con	victed of an	y offe	nce			
	(1)	(a) only	(2)	(b) only		(3)	(c) only	(4)	(a) or (b)
27.	What sort of acts of husband or his relatives amount to cruelty ?								
	(1)	Harassment matrimonial		woman ca	used	with	the intentior	that sh	e would leave
	(2)	Deserting the	womar	without ar	ıy fau	lt on	her part		
	(3)	Wilful condu her life	ct likely	to drive a w	omar	to co	ommit suicide	or cause a	a grave injury to

307		O A									
28.		What facts should be stated in the affidavit of examination in chief of plaintiff or defendant or their witnesses ?									
	(1)	All facts they asserted in their pleadings.									
	(2)	Only such facts, the deponent believes to be true.									
	(3)	Only such facts as the deponent is able to prove on his own.									
	(4)	All such facts deponent knows personally and also those he came to know from others.									
29.	In c	ase a complaint is made by a public servant in writing, in discharge of his official es:									
	(1)	it is necessary for the Magistrate to examine him and the witnesses.									
	(2)	it is not necessary for the Magistrate to examine him or the witnesses.									
	(3)	it is not necessary to examine public servant but witnesses need to be examined.									
	(4)	•									
30.	Indi	a is a :									
	(1)	Police state (2) Welfare state									
	(3)	Aristrocratic state (4) Socialistic state									
31.	Which of the following is or are the correct prepositions?										
	(a)	All agreements are contract.									
	(b)	An agreement which is enforceable by law is a contract.									
	(c)	An agreement which is enforceable by law at the option of one party is a voidable contract.									
	(1)	All the above (2) (a) and (b) only (3) (b) and (c) only (4) (b) only									
32.	_	ristrate may order U/S 125 of Cri Pro. Code, the non-applicant to pay to an applicant maintenance at such monthly rate :									
	(1)	not exceeding ₹ 5000/-									
	(2)	not exceeding ₹ 1000/-									
	(3)	as such a Magistrate may think it fit									

not exceeding ₹ 500/-

(4)

33.	Which of the following is not a document?									
	(1)	Caricature on a stone	(2)	Photograph						
	(3)	Currency note	(4)	Blood stained clothes						
34.	Righ	nt of the accused to keep silen	ice is:							
	(1)	a civil right	(2)	a statutory right						
	(3)	fundamental right	(4)	human right						
35.	Tran	nsfer of immovable property	s said to be	e fraudulant :						
	(1)	When transfer of sale is ent	tered to def	raud the purchaser						
	(2)	When transferor is insolver	nt							
	(3)	When transferor has no authority to transfer								
	(4)	(4) When transfer is made with an intention to defeat or delay the creditors								
36.	Con	nplaint means :								
	(1)) allegations made to magistrate for taking action, that some person committed ar offence.								
	(2)	2) allegation made to police station officer that some person committed offence.								
	(3)	such allegations made to superintendent of police.								
	(4)	1) includes all the above.								
37.	First Information Report can be used during trial :									
	(1)	only to contradict the informant.								
	(2)	only to corroborate the version of the informant before court.								
	(3)	to contradict and corroborate the informant when examined as a witness.								
	(4)	to corroborate the oral evid	ence of oth	er witnesses.						
38.	Suit	relating to immovable prope	rty is to be	filed in a court within whose jurisdiction :						
	(1)	defendant resides	(2)	plaintiff resides						
	(3)	property is situated	(4)	cause of action arose						

Which of the following can be transferred?									
(1)	An actionable o	laim							
(2)	An easement a	part fr	om the dominan	t heri	tage				
(3)	A Mere right to	sue							
(4)	Spes succession	is							
A p	erson is entitled to	o prot	ection of his pos provided :	sessio	n of immovable	proper	ty he got in part		
(a)	Contract is in w	vriting	, signed by the t	ransfe	ror				
(b)	Contract is for	consid	leration						
(c)	Transferee has	perfor	med or willing to	o perf	orm his part of	contrac	t		
(d)	Contract is regi	stered	l						
(1)	(a) and (b)		(2)	(a),	(b), and (c)				
(3)	(a), (b) and (d)		(4)	(a) t	o (d) all above re	quirem	ents are fulfilled		
Period of limitation for regular suit for possession when plaintiff asserts dispossession by the dependant is :									
(1)	One year	(2)	Three years	(3)	Twelve years	(4)	Twenty years		
Lurking house trespass means :									
(1)	•								
(2)	Trespass made	to insi	ult the person in	posses	ssion.				
(3)	Trespass making forceable entry in the house.								
(4)	(4) Trespass taking precaution to conceal such a house trespass from the person who could object or eject a trespasser.								
Which of the following is or are the correct propositions?									
(a)	· ·								
(b)	Partnership firn	n is a	collective name f	or par	rtners				
(c)	H.U.F. carrying	busin	ess is not a partr	nershij	p				
(d)	Contract between	en the	partners is a foi	ındati	ion of partnersh	ip			
(1)	(a) only		(2)	(a),	(b) and (c) only				
(3)	(b), (c) and (d)	onlv	(4)	(b) a	and (d) only				
	(1) (2) (3) (4) A properties (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (2) (3) (4) White (a) (b) (c) (d) (1)	(1) An actionable of (2) An easement at (3) A Mere right to (4) Spes succession. A person is entitled to performance of a correct is for (a) Contract is for (b) Contract is for (c) Transferee has (d) Contract is register (1) (a) and (b) (3) (a), (b) and (d) Period of limitation for the dependant is: (1) One year Lurking house trespance (1) Trespass made (2) Trespass made (3) Trespass made (4) Trespass taking could object or (b) Partnership firm (c) H.U.F. carrying (d) Contract between (1) (a) only	(1) An actionable claim (2) An easement apart fr (3) A Mere right to sue (4) Spes successionis A person is entitled to prote performance of a contract, (a) Contract is in writing (b) Contract is for considiction (c) Transferee has performed (d) Contract is registered (e) (e) Transferee has performed (f) (f) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g	(1) An actionable claim (2) An easement apart from the dominant (3) A Mere right to sue (4) Spes successionis A person is entitled to protection of his post performance of a contract, provided: (a) Contract is in writing, signed by the total contract is for consideration (c) Transferee has performed or willing total contract is registered (1) (a) and (b) (2) (3) (a), (b) and (d) (4) Period of limitation for regular suit for posses the dependant is: (1) One year (2) Three years Lurking house trespass means: (1) Trespass openly made to commit offer (2) Trespass made to insult the person in the (3) Trespass made to insult the person in the (4) Trespass taking precaution to conceal could object or eject a trespasser. Which of the following is or are the correct (a) Partnership firm is a legal entity (b) Partnership firm is a collective name for (c) H.U.F. carrying business is not a partner (d) Contract between the partners is a for (1) (a) only (2)	(1) An actionable claim (2) An easement apart from the dominant herical (3) A Mere right to sue (4) Spes successionis A person is entitled to protection of his possession performance of a contract, provided: (a) Contract is in writing, signed by the transfer (b) Contract is for consideration (c) Transferee has performed or willing to perform (d) Contract is registered (1) (a) and (b) (2) (a), (3) (a), (b) and (d) (4) (a) the dependant is: (1) One year (2) Three years (3) Lurking house trespass means: (1) Trespass openly made to commit offence. (2) Trespass made to insult the person in posses (3) Trespass making forceable entry in the house (4) Trespass taking precaution to conceal such could object or eject a trespasser. Which of the following is or are the correct proportion (a) Partnership firm is a legal entity (b) Partnership firm is a collective name for particle (c) H.U.F. carrying business is not a partnershif (d) Contract between the partners is a foundation (1) (a) only (2) (a),	(1) An actionable claim (2) An easement apart from the dominant heritage (3) A Mere right to sue (4) Spes successionis A person is entitled to protection of his possession of immovable performance of a contract, provided: (a) Contract is in writing, signed by the transferor (b) Contract is for consideration (c) Transferee has performed or willing to perform his part of (d) Contract is registered (1) (a) and (b) (2) (a), (b), and (c) (3) (a), (b) and (d) (4) (a) to (d) all above referred or limitation for regular suit for possession when plaintiff at the dependant is: (1) One year (2) Three years (3) Twelve years Lurking house trespass means: (1) Trespass openly made to commit offence. (2) Trespass making forceable entry in the house. (4) Trespass taking precaution to conceal such a house trespass could object or eject a trespasser. Which of the following is or are the correct propositions? (a) Partnership firm is a legal entity (b) Partnership firm is a collective name for partners (c) H.U.F. carrying business is not a partnership (d) Contract between the partners is a foundation of partnersh (1) (a) only (2) (a), (b) and (c) only	(1) An actionable claim (2) An easement apart from the dominant heritage (3) A Mere right to sue (4) Spes successionis A person is entitled to protection of his possession of immovable proper performance of a contract, provided: (a) Contract is in writing, signed by the transferor (b) Contract is for consideration (c) Transferee has performed or willing to perform his part of contract (d) Contract is registered (1) (a) and (b) (2) (a), (b), and (c) (3) (a), (b) and (d) (4) (a) to (d) all above requirem Period of limitation for regular suit for possession when plaintiff asserts the dependant is: (1) One year (2) Three years (3) Twelve years (4) Lurking house trespass means: (1) Trespass openly made to commit offence. (2) Trespass making forceable entry in the house. (4) Trespass making forceable entry in the house. (4) Trespass taking precaution to conceal such a house trespass from could object or eject a trespasser. Which of the following is or are the correct propositions? (a) Partnership firm is a legal entity (b) Partnership firm is a collective name for partners (c) H.U.F. carrying business is not a partnership (d) Contract between the partners is a foundation of partnership (1) (a) only (2) (a), (b) and (c) only		

- **44.** Which of the following propositions is **correct**?
 - (1) Statement of witness recorded by police cannot be used during enquiry or trial of such offence.

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- (2) Such statement of witness can be used at the enquiry or trial to contradict him when he is called as a witness by prosecution or defence.
- (3) Such statement of witness can be used at the trial to contradict or corroborate such witness.
- (4) Statement recorded by the police can be used in the enquiry or trial by the accused or prosecution to contradict such a witness when he is called by the prosecution.
- **45.** Application for delivery of possession by the purchaser of immovable property at the sale in execution of decree is to be made within :
 - (1) One year when sale becomes absolute
 - (2) One year from the date of sale
 - (3) Three years from the date of sale
 - (4) 12 years from the date of sale
- **46.** Suit for specific performance of contract is to be filed:
 - (1) Within three years from the date of agreement.
 - (2) Within three years from the date fixed for performance. If no such date is fixed, when performance is refused.
 - (3) Within three years from the date when notice demanding performance is served.
 - (4) Within five years from the date, performance is refused.
- 47. When is symbolic possession of immovable property required to be given in execution:
 - (1) Person in possession is a tenant or other person is entitled to occupy property despite the decree.
 - (2) Person in possession refuses to vacate or hand over possession.
 - (3) Property is locked.
 - (4) Property is in such a state that actual possession can not be delivered.

48. Which of the following propositions is a correct

- **(1)** Statement of a person who is dead is relevant when it relates to cause of death of anybody.
- (2) Statement of deceased made in will, deed etc. relating to relationship by blood, marriage with the deceased and is about affairs of his family, is relevant.
- Statement of a witness recorded by a magistrate U/S 164 of Cri. P. Code before his (3) death, is relevant.
- Statement of witness recorded under section 299 of Cri. Pro. Code, but is alive, can (4)be used as evidence without his examination.

49. Which of the following propositions are correct?

Declaration granted U/S 34 of the Specific Relief Act:

- (a) is a decision binding on the parties to the suit.
- (b) is a decision binding on the persons claiming through such parties.
- is also binding on other persons who are denying or are interested to deny such (c) status, right of the party declared.
- (d) is a judgement in rem
- (1) (a) and (b) only (2)
- (a), (b) and (c) (3) (a), (b) and (d)
- (4) All the above

50. Application for execution of decree granting mandatory injuction is to be made:

(1)Within one year

- Within three years (2)
- (3)Within twelve years
- 90 days (4)

Premises (under Maha. Rent Control Act) means: 51.

(a) Any building

- Part of building (b)
- (c) A room or apartment
- (d) Land or open plot

- (1)All the above
- (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4)(a) and (d) only

- 52. Compensatory cost can be awarded when:
 - (1) Claim made or defence taken in any suit is found false or vexatious
 - (2) Claim or defence in a suit is objected to by the adverse party and is found to be false or vexatious
 - (3) Suit is dismissed on the ground that claim is not proved at all
 - (4) The court in it's discretion considers it just and proper to award such a cost
- 53. Court may presume a document to be duly executed and attested :
 - (1) When document is 20 years old and produced from proper custody.
 - (2) When document is original produced from proper custody and 30 years old.
 - (3) When document is a copy but 30 years old and produced from proper custody.
 - (4) When notice to produce document is given but it is not produced.
- **54.** Written statement is to be filed:
 - (1) Within 90 days from the date of service of summons.
 - (2) Within 30 days from the date of first appearance of the defendant.
 - (3) Within 90 days from the first appearance of defendant.
 - (4) Within 30 days from the date of service of summons.
- 55. Which of the following is a correct proposition?
 - (1) Contract for sale a contract to sale property as per the terms settled
 - (2) Contract for sale is executed, not a executory contract
 - (3) Contract for sale creates right in the property to be sold
 - (4) Contract for sale creates charge on the property to be sold
- **56.** Frustration of contract means:
 - (a) Performance of contract becomes afterward impossible because of inaction of promiser
 - (b) Performance of contract becomes afterward impossible or unlawful for no fault of promiser
 - (c) Performance of contract becomes difficult
 - (1) (a) only

(2) (b) only

(3) (a) and (c) only

(4) (a) and (b) only

57.	'A' took	'A' keeping bait in the pocket, dishonestly induced a dog of 'B' to go with him, thus he took away the dog out of possession of 'B'. What offence, if any has A committed?								
	(1)	Criminal force (2) Abducation								
	(3)	Theft (4) No offence								
58.	For	what an injunction can be granted ?								
	(a)	to prevent breach of obligation in favour of plaintiff.								
	(b)	to restrain a person from instituting or prosecuting criminal proceeding.								
	(c)	to prevent breach of contract, the performance of which would not be specifically enforced.								
	(1)	(a) only (2) (a) and (c) only (3) (a) and (b) only (4) In all the cases								
 59.	Hov	How the contents of a document are to be proved ?								
	(1)	By oral evidence of the author.								
	(2)	By oral evidence of the scribe.								
	(3)	By primary or secondary evidence.								
	(4)	By oral admissions as to the contents when party is not entitled to give secondary evidence.								
60.	'Do	'Dowry death', means :								
	(1)	death of a woman under suspicious circumstances within 7 years of her marriage.								
	(2)	death of a woman under suspicious circumstances within 5 years of her marriage.								
	(3)	death of a woman under suspicious circumstances within 7 years of her marriage and she was subjected to cruelty by her husband or inlaws, just before her death.								
	(4)	death of a woman under suspicious circumstances within 5 years of her marriage and she was subjected to cruelty by her husband or inlaws.								
61.	Cou	art can take cognisance of the offence of defamation :								
	(1)	on a police report								
	(2)	upon a complaint made by a person aggrieved by the offence								
	(3)	upon information received from any other person								
	(4)	upon complaint filed by anybody								

62.	Warrant	of	arrest	may	be	directed	to	:
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- (a) a police officer.
- (b) more than one police officer.
- (c) any other person.
- (1) (a) only

(2) (b) only

(3) (a) and (b) only

(4) (a), (b) and (c) all

63. Which of the following are the correct propositions?

- (a) Every partner has a right to have access and to inspect books of the firm.
- (b) Every partner has a right to take part in the business of the firm.
- (c) Every partner has a right to show profit.
- (d) Every partner has implied authority to open banking account in his own name.
- (1) (a) and (c)

(2) (a) and (b)

(3) (a), (b) and (c)

(4) All the above

64. Evidence of a witness recorded in the earlier proceeding is relevant and admissible in the subsequent proceeding provided :

- (1) Witness is dead or cannot be examined and the earlier proceeding was between the same parties, issues were the same and adverse party had the right to cross examine the witness.
- (2) Witness is dead or cannot be examined and issues in the earlier proceeding were the same.
- (3) Witness has become hostile to the party who is required to examine him in subsequent proceeding.
- (4) Witness is not willing to give evidence in subsequent proceeding though his evidence is material.

65. Injury means:

- (a) Defamation, damage to reputation
- (b) Voluntarily causing hurt to any person
- (c) Harm caused lawfully to any person or property
- (1) (a) only

(2) (b) only

(3) (a) and (b) both

(4) All the above acts

- 66. When a person dies intestate without any heir, his property vests in :
 - (1) the person who performs his last rites
 - (2) his relatives though they are not his legal heirs
 - (3) the one who took his care during his last days
 - (4) the 'state' (Government) by escheat
- 67. Which of the following irregularities vitiate the proceedings?
 - (a) Magistrate though not empowered, tender pardon U/S 306 Cri Pro.Code in good faith.
 - (b) Magistrate not empowered, makes over case to other Magistrate.
 - (c) Magistrate not empowered, tried the offence summarily.
 - (d) Magistrate though not competent, decides an appeal.
 - (1) (a) and (b)

(2) (b) and (d)

(3) (c) and (d)

- (4) (a) and (d)
- 68. Who amongst the following is not a competent witness?
 - (1) School going boy of the age of 8 yrs.
 - (2) A blind since birth.
 - (3) A person unable to speak or communicate verbally.
 - (4) A child of four years of age unable to answer rationally.
- 69. Cross-examination of a witness means:
 - (1) an examination by adverse party.
 - (2) further examination of own witness who is hostile.
 - (3) an examination of witness to test his veracity, by any party.
 - (4) examination of witness by the court itself.
- 70. Suit for compensation for malicious prosecution is required to be filed within:
 - (1) Three years from the date of acquittal
 - (2) Five years from the date of acquittal
 - (3) One year from the date of acquittal
 - (4) One year from the date of demand of compensation by notice

- 71. How a will is required to be proved?
 - (1) By examining the scribe.
 - (2) By examining the person who had seen the testator executing the will.
 - (3) By the oral evidence of propounder of the will.
 - (4) By examining at least one attesting witness if alive or capable of giving evidence.
- 72. Agreement without consideration is:
 - (a) Valid
 - (b) Void
 - (c) Valid provided it is in writing, registered and made on account of natural love and affection
 - (1) (a) only is correct
- (2) (b) only is correct

(3) All are correct

- (4) (b) and (c) are correct
- **73.** A decree for partition of agricultural land declaring shares of the parties, is to be executed by :
 - (1) the same court which passed the decree
 - (2) the court to which decree is transferred U/S 39 of Civil Pro. Code
 - (3) the collector or his gazetted subordinate deputed by him
 - (4) the revenue court when precept is to it by the court which passed the decree
- 74. Which of the following are 'judgement in rem'?
 - (1) Judgement in declaratory suit under U/S. 34 of specific Relief Act.
 - (2) Judgement in probate, matrimonial, admiralty or insolvency proceedings.
 - (3) Judgement in criminal trials.
 - (4) Judgement of Supreme Court.

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75.	'A' is tried for the murder of 'B' by poison which of the following facts are relevant at the trial of 'A'?										
	(a) (b)										
	(c)	In the past 'A' had murde	red two oth	ers by poisoning.							
	(d)	'A' was on inimical terms	with 'B'.								
	(1)	(a) and (b) only	(2)	(a), (b) and (d) only							
	(3)	(c) and (d) only	(4)	All of the four facts.							
76.	Cou	art of Chief Judicial Magistra	ite may pass	a sentence of imprisonment for a term :							
	(1)	not exceeding five years	(2)	not exceeding three years							
	(3)	not exceeding seven years	(4)	not exceeding ten years							
77.	Which of the following is or are the correct propositions?										
	In a	In a part heard trial of a criminal case :									
	(a)	-									
	(b)	(b) Succeeding Magistrate cannot act upon the evidence recorded by his predecessor.									
	(c)	Succeeding Magistrate cannot act upon such an evidence recorded by his predecessor only in summary trial.									
	(1)	(a) only is correct	(2)	(a) and (c) are correct							
	(3)	(b) only is correct	(4)	none of the above							
78.	Whi	ich of the following is a corr	ect proposit	ion ?							
	(a)	Warranty is a stipulation of	essential to t	he main contract of sale of goods.							
	(b)	Warranty is a stipulation	collateral to	the main purpose of contract.							
	(c)	Breach of warranty gives	right to a bu	yer to repudiate the contract.							
	(1)	(a) only	(2)	(b) only							
	(3)	(c) only	(4)	(a) and (c) only							
	Leas	se for a month to month can	' be determi	ned by :							
	(1)	30 days notice in writing is	s given by le	ssor							
	(2)	15 days notice in writing o	duly singed								
	(3)	15 days notice expiring wi	ith the end o	of the month of tenancy							
	(4)	Oral notice by lessor									

- 80. Minor can institute a suit for recovery of movable property:
 - (1) Within one year after he attains majority
 - (2) Within three years after he attains majority
 - (3) Within three years from the date of cause of action, through next friend
 - (4) Within twelve years after he attains majority
- 81. Which of the following contracts can not be specifically enforced?
 - (a) A party is unable to perform whole of the contract and the part which can not be performed is small and admit compensation in money
 - (b) A contract which is dependent on the personal qualification or violation of the party
 - (c) A contract which is in its nature determinable
 - (d) A contract for the non performance of which compensation in money is an adequate relief
 - (1) All the above

(2) (a), (b) and (c)

(3) (b), (c) and (d)

- (4) (a), (c) and (d)
- 82. Landlord is entitled to inspect the premises:
 - (1) at any time even without prior notice to the tenant
 - (2) at any time giving prior notice to the tenant
 - (3) at a reasonable time giving prior notice to the tenant
 - (4) during day time only giving a notice to the tenant
- 83. When is notice of execution under rule 22 of Ord XXI C.P. Code necessary?
 - (1) As a rule in all execution cases show cause notice is needed to be given.
 - (2) When warrant of possession of immovable property is saught in execution.
 - (3) When execution is filed, more than two years after date of decree.
 - (4) When execution is filed by legal representative of the decree holder.
- 84. What is the period of limitation for taking congnizance of the offence U/S 326 of I.P. Code?
 - (1) Five years

(2) Three Years

(3) Seven Years

(4) No period is prescribed

- 85. Which of the following confessions made by the accused is admissible?
 - (1) Voluntary confession made to the police officer.
 - (2) Confession caused by threat, inducement proceeding from person in authority, having reference to the charge against accused etc.
 - (3) Voluntary statement made in police custody.
 - (4) Voluntary confession made while in police custody but made to the magistrate.
- **86.** Which of the following are the correct propositions?
 - (a) Minor can be admitted as a partner
 - (b) Minor cannot be a partner but may be admitted to the benefit of partnership
 - (c) Minor admitted to the benefit of partnership can have access to the account of the firm
 - (d) Such a minor is not personally liable for an act of the firm
 - (1) (a), (c) and (d)

(2) (b), (c) and (d)

(3) (a), (b) and (d)

- (4) (a) and (c) only
- 87. 'A' committed theft of two gold chains of 'B' who is a resident of Pune, but from a place in Mumbai, one chain was recovered from 'C' at Jalna; another from 'D' at Buldana. 'C' & 'D' purchased chains knowing them to be stolen properties.

Which court can enquire and try the offence?

- (1) Court in Mumbai only
- (2) Court at Jalna or Buldana
- (3) Court in Mumbai as well as Jalna and Buldana
- (4) Court in Pune
- 88. Which of the following properties can be attached in execution of a money decree?
 - (1) Cooking utensils, beds etc.
- (2) Implements of husbandary
- (3) Books of account
- (4) Shares in the corporations

89.		andlord without a just cause cuts off or withholds essentia! pply or service enjoyed he tenant, he/she is liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term :
	(1)	Which may extend to one month or a fine which may extend to ₹ one thousand or both.
	(2)	Which may extend to three months or a fine which may extend to ₹ one thousand or with both.
	(3)	Which may extend to three months and a fine which may extend to ₹ one thousand.
	(4)	Which may extend to one month and a fine which may extend to $\overline{\epsilon}$ one thousand.
90.		ch of the following courts has got inherent powers to make orders in criminal

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proceedings to prevent abuse of process or to secure ends of justice?					
(1)	Court of sessions	(2)	Chief Judicial Magistrate		
(3)	High Court	(4)	All the above		
				-	

- 91. Objection to the jurisdiction of the court can be entertained:(1) in appeal also for the first time
 - (2) during trial of the suit
 - (3) at any stage of the suit
 - (4) if taken at the earliest opportunity or before settlement of issues
- **92.** A man deliberately did an act and frighten a girl of weak heart, who fell unconscience. What offence if any has he committed?
 - (1) U/S 323 IPC
- (2) U/S 326 IPC
- (3) U/S 325 IPC
- (4) No offence

- 93. Act of the child is no offence when the child is:
 - (1) Under 8 years
- (2) Under 10 years
- (3) Under 12 years
- (4) Under 7 years
- 94. The term 'legal representative', means:
 - (1) the legal heir of the deceased party
 - (2) a person who in law represents estate of the deceased party
 - (3) a person nominated by the deceased party
 - (4) other relatives though they are not legal heirs

- **95.** Which of the following authorities is **not** a 'state' for the purpose of part III of Constitution of India?
 - (1) Government Companies
- (2) Public Sector Undertaking
- (3) Municipal Corporation
- (4) Board of Control for Cricket of India (BCCI)
- **96.** When is a person eligible for appointment as a District Judge?
 - (1) If he has been an advocate for not less than seven years
 - (2) If he has practised as an advocate for more than three years
 - (3) If he has been, an advocate for not less than five years
 - (4) If he has practised as an advocate for a year
- **97.** Every agreement between landlord and tenant for letting out of the premises is required to be:
 - (1) in writing and registered
 - (2) in writing and registered if it is for a period one year or more
 - (3) in writing but it need not be registered
 - (4) in writing and registered if it is for a period 3 years or more
- **98.** Which of the following is an incorrect proposition?
 - (1) Admission may be a statement oral or written.
 - (2) Admission is conclusive proof of the fact admitted.
 - (3) Maker of the admission may prove that it was erroneously made.
 - (4) Admission can be used against it's maker or his representative in interest.
- 99. 'A' handed over 200 kg. 'Tur Dal' to 'B', a carrier, to carry it to his town. 'B' carried it to his own village dishonestly. What offence has 'B' committed?
 - (1) Criminal misappropriation of property
 - (2) Criminal breach of trust
 - (3) Theft of property
 - (4) No offence

- 100. Suit filed after the prescribed period of limitation:
 - (1) has to be dismissed when objection is raised in defence.
 - (2) has to be dismissed even though no objection as to limitation is raised in defence.
 - (3) has to be dismissed unless sufficient cause for the delay is shown.
 - (4) can be entertained and decided on merit if court considers it just and proper.

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सूचना — (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे....)

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वतःबरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षा कक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

नमुना प्रश्न

Pick out the corre	t word to fill	in the blank
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Q. No. 201. I congratulate you ______ your grand success.

(1) for

(2) at

(3) on

(4) about

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर ''(3) on'' असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर ''(3)'' होईल. यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक ''(3)'' हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

प्र. इत. 201. (1) (2) 🌑 (4)

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तरक्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरविलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे वॉल्प्येन वायरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वायरू नये.